operating system

BCA (Semester-IV) Exam.-2015 Operating System

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt questions from all the sections.

SECTION - A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. 3×10=30

- Explain the main purpose of an operating system.
- 2. What is demand passing?
- 3. What is Kernal?
- 4. Describe Real Time System.

- 5. What is virtual memory?
- 6. What are advantages of Multiprocessor system?
- 7. Describe the objective of multi programming.
- 8. What are time sharing system?
- 9. What is process? Explain.
- 10. What are the necessary condition of deadlock?
- 11. What is context switching?
- 12. Describe the long term, median term and short term schedular.
- 13. What is P.C.B.? Explain.
- 14. Describe the batch processing system.
- 15. Defferentiate between multiprogramming and multiprocessing system.

SECTION - B

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions. Each question carries 15 marks. 15×3=45

- What is an operating system? Describe the types of Operating System.
- 2. Explain Banker's Algorithm in detail with suitable example.
- 3. What do you understand by pre-emptive and non-preemptive CPU scheduling? Describe with examples and also describe its advantages and disadvantages.
- 4. Describe deadlock with suitable example.
- 5. In shortest process first (SPF) consider there

are 4 ready process with their next CPU burst time as follows:

Process	Next CPU Burst Time
P1	6
P2 '	8
P3	7
P4	3

- (a) draw gantt chart
- (b) find waiting time of each process
- (c) find average waiting time
- 6. Write short note on any three:
 - (a) Single user Single process system
 - (b) Resource allocation graph
 - (c) Super Computer
 - (d) Distributed system

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BCA (Semester-IV) Exam.—2016 Operating System

Time : Three Hours Maximum Marks : **75**

Note: Attempt questions from all sections.

SECTION - A

(Short-answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. 3×10=30

- 1. What is turnaround time?
- 2. What is Operating System?
- 3. What is Time Sharing System?
- 4. What is segmentation?
- 5. What is Dispatcher?
- 6. Write down any four system threats.
- 7. Differentiate between a trap and an interrupt.

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- 8. What is paging and swapping?
- 9. What is File mounting?
- 10. What is kernal?
- 11. Differentiate between multiprogramming and multiprocessing system?
- 12. When do page fault occur?
- 13 Differentiate between internal and external fragmentations?
- 14. What is dead lock?
- 15. What in Virtual memory?

SECTION - B

(Long Answer type questions)

Note: Attempt any 3 questions. Each question carries 15 marks. (15x3=45)

- Compare a preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling algorithms with example.
- 2. Consider the following page reference string: 2,3,4,5,3,2,6,7,3,2,3,4,1,2,1,4,3,2,3,4,7

Calculate following page replacement algorithm with frame sizes of 3 and 5,

- (i) LRU (ii) FIFO (iii) Optimal
- 3. How can deadlock be detected and recovered? Explain.
- Following information is given about processes.
 What is the average waiting time & average turnaround time for FCFS, SJF(preemptive) & SJF (non preemptive)

Process	Arrival time	Burst time		
P1	0.0	8		
P2	0.4	4		
P3	1.0	1		

- Describe different schemes for defining the logical structure of a directory.
- 6. Write short notes on any three:
 - (i) Symbolic File System
 - (ii) Swap space management
 - (iii) Demand paging
 - (iv) Disk Management system.



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BCA (Semester-IV) Exam. –2017 Operating System

Time: Three Hours.

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt questions from all sections.

SECTION - A

(Short-answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. 10x3=30

- 1. What are the activities of the operating system in connection with file management?
- 2. Give two reasons why caches are useful? What problems do they solve?
- 3. How is to be performed free space management in any disk management?
- 4. What is the role of process control block?
- 5. What is process scheduler?

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- 6. What is the naming convention under direct communication of processes?
- 7. Why we use buffering in OS?
- 8. Why synchronization is used during message passing?
- 9. What is starvation problem related to deadlock?
- 10. What is required to support dynamic memory allocation in the contiguous memory allocation?
- 11. What is the purpose of paging the page tables?
- 12. What is demand paging system?
- 13. What are dedicated devices?
- 14. What are different storage devices?
- 15. What is the general model of a file system?

SECTION - B

(Long Answer type questions)

Note: Attempt **any three** questions. Each question carries 15 marks. 15x3=45

1. Explain why implementing synchronization

primitives by disabling interrupt is note appropriate in a single processor system if the synchronization primitives are to be used in user-level program.

- 2. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Segmentation
 - (b) Distributed system
 - (c) Parallel systems
 - (d) Real Time System.
- 3. Consider the following set of process with the length of the CPU burst given in milliseconds:

Process	Burst Time	Priority		
P_1	10	3		
P_2	1	1		
P_3	2	3		
P_4	1	4		
P ₅	5	2		

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The processes are assumed to have arrived in the order P_1 , P_2 , P_3 , P_4 , P_5 all at time 0.

- (a) What is the turn around time of each process for each of the scheduling algorithm FCFS & SJF.
- (b) What is the waiting time of each process for each of the scheduling algorithm FCFS & SJF.
- (c) Which algorithms resluts in minimum average waiting time.
- 4. What is classical problem of synchronization? Explain bounded Buffer problem.
- 5. What are the necessary conditions of deadlock? What are the requirements of deadlock avoidance and deadlock prevention?

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B. C. A. (Fourth Semester)

EXAMINATION, 2019

OPERATING SYSTEM

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks:75

Note: Attempt questions from both Sections as directed.

Section—A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any ten questions. Each question $10 \times 3 = 30$ carries 3 marks.

- Explain the advantages of Linux operating system.
- Define process synchronization.
- 3. What do you understand by demand paging?
- 4. Write a difference between pre-emptive and non-preemptive scheduling.

(A-32) P. T. O.

- 5 Define wait for graph.
- 6. Explain ready queue and waiting queue.
- 7. What is process? Explain process control block.
 - 8. What do you understand by Partioning algorithm?
- 9 Explain Buffering.
- 10. Define Index Sequential File Access method.
- 11. What is CPU schedular? Contrast different types of schedular.
- 12. What is starvation?
- 13. What are the benefits of co-operating process?
- 14. Differentiate between scan and C scan disk scheduling algorithm.
- 15. Consider the following snapshot of a system:

Drooper	Allocation			Max			Available					
Process	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
P_0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	5	2	0
\mathbf{P}_{1}	1	0	0	0	1	7	5	0	1.		-2	
P_2	1	3	5	4	2	3	5	6			4	
P_3	0	6	3	2	0	6	5.	2				
P ₄	0	0	1	4	0	6	5	6			, ,	

Find the need matrix

Section—B

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

3×15=45

- 1. Define page replacement algorithm: FIFO, LRU and Optimal. Find the number of page feult for the following string: 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 1, 3 using FIFO, LRU and optimal for the frame size 3 and 5.
- 2. Define semaphores and critical section problem. Also explain consumer-production problem.
- 3. What is deadlock? What is the necessary condition for deadlock? Also explain the algorithm for deadlock detection and avoidance.
- 4. What is CPU scheduling? Define different type of CPU scheduling. Calculate Avg turn



Around time and Avg waiting time for the following process:

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time			
FIOCESS	(MS)	(MS)			
P ₁	2	5+			
P ₂	1	4			
P_3	1	2 -			
P_4	3	6			
P ₅	2	4			

4.5, 11,4.

Also show a Gantt chart using FIFO, SJF and pre-emptive SJF algorithm.

- 5. What is an operating system? Define Batch systems, Parallel system and Distributed systems.
- 6. Define File and its attribute. Also explain file directories. Define different type of file directories.